

their mutual antagonism and on this basis Pearl (1929) suggested tuberculin as the treatment of bronchogenic carcinoma. There are several references in the literature to the association of the two conditions (Couts, 1951; Helm and Moon, 1952; Ellman, 1953).

There is a significant difference in both prognosis and management, and the failure to recognize the presence of active pulmonary tuberculosis in association with carcinoma may produce a most unfavourable effect in the former condition. This applies especially to those patients subjected to radiotherapy, and the only effective treatment is resection of the lobe or lung affected (Ellman, 1953).

Summary

A case of co-existent pulmonary tuberculosis

and bronchogenic carcinoma has been reported. The combination is being diagnosed with increasing frequency and the importance of accurate diagnosis has been stressed.

Acknowledgment

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Book Reviews

MODERN ACTINOTHERAPY

By R. H. Beckett, B.A. Pp. viii + 161, with 20 illustrations and 4 colour plates. London: William Heinemann Ltd. 1955. 17s. 6d.

This book is an up-to-date review of the literature of ultraviolet and infra-red radiation.

An outline of the history of heliotherapy and ultraviolet therapy is given. The physics and physiological effects are discussed and the clinical applications of ultraviolet and infra-red radiation to dermatology, rheumatology, paediatrics and diagnosis described, with quotations from the literature and many useful references.

The book has the greatest interest for those engaged in physical medicine, whether doctors or physiotherapists, and should receive the interest of doctors in general in a rather neglected method of treatment.

TEXTBOOK OF ORTHOPAEDIC MEDICINE Volume II. Treatment by Manipulation and Massage

By James Cyriax, M.D., M.R.C.P. 5th Edition. Pp. xv + 373, with 127 illustrations. London: Cassell & Co. Ltd. 1955. 21s.

Dr. Cyriax's well-known book which was originally published in 1944 under the title 'Deep Massage and Manipulation Illustrated' has appeared in its fifth edition. The layout of the book with its clear and concise descriptions of technique, including exact site for massage, positioning of patient and physiotherapist, duration and frequency

of treatment remains unchanged. It has been amplified to include a chapter on the local injection of hydrocortisone, one descriptive of the essential forms of massage students must learn, one on massage in plastic surgery and finally one on a modified form of the Bisgaard treatment of varicose ulcers.

Every section of the book is profusely and clearly illustrated with photographs.

In its new form it is an even more comprehensive book on technique and remains an essential textbook for physiotherapists and physiotherapy students.

AN ATLAS OF BONE-MARROW PATHOLOGY

By M. C. G. ISRAELS, M.D., M.Sc., F.R.C.P. Second Edition. Pp. x + 85, with 13 colour plates. London: William Heinemann, Ltd. 1955. 30s.

Only very minor changes and additions have been made in this, the second edition, after 7 years.

With the exception of the addition of the 'transitional megaloblast' the nomenclature remains the same; nobody can disagree with this. The text remains virtually the same, but the few modernising alterations in the bibliography have resulted in some faults in the reference numbers and some misprints have been taken over from the first edition. One new plate has been added. It is a very good one, but some of the red cells are printed in a yellow tint, producing a curious effect. The atlas is designed to stimulate the interest in bone-marrow studies.

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