A 69 year old woman with no relevant past medical history was admitted with dysphagia. She reported difficulty swallowing both solids and liquids and that it had been gradually worsening over a 10 year period. She denied pain on swallowing and there was no history of regurgitation, heartburn, corrosive ingestion, or weight loss. There was a 25 year history of intermittent attacks of pallor, pain, and redness of the digits.

QUESTIONS

(1) Comment on the appearance of her tongue (fig 1), face (figs 3 and 4), and hands (fig 5).

(2) Comment on the appearance of her barium swallow (fig 2) and suggest a unifying diagnosis.

(3) Examination of her left elbow revealed a hard nodule over the extensor aspect. What does the radiograph (fig 6) show?

All photographs reproduced with patient's permission.

Postgrad Med J 2002;78:102–103
A previously healthy 47 year old driver presented with a six week history of headache, vomiting, tiredness, and unsteadiness of feet. Examination revealed marked pallor, the pulse was regular at 97 beats/min, blood pressure was raised at 180/116 mm Hg, and the minimental test score was 6/10. The cranial nerves were normal, as was his power in all four limbs. Bulk and tone were normal, but all the deep tendon reflexes were brisk. Sensation were intact. The finger, nose, and heel shin test were normal. Gait was wide based. Cardiovascular examination revealed a short ejection systolic murmur at the mitral area. The rest of the clinical examination was unremarkable.

Investigations on admission revealed a normochromic, normocytic anaemia with a haemoglobin of 86 g/l, and a normal white cell and platelet count. His erythrocyte sedimentation rate was raised at 38 mm in the first hour. The patient had a normal sodium concentration of 138...
A 70 year old women was referred to the accident and emergency department by her general practitioner with a three month history weight loss of two stone (13 kg) and progressive dysphagia for solids. This had worsened to the extent that over the week before presentation, she had difficulty swallowing soft food and fluids. She also reported recent onset of cough productive of purulent sputum, and cough on attempted swallowing. She had a past history of resection of a

Cough and dysphagia

A case of cough and dysphagia

C M Smyth, C C Evans

Answers on p 111.
Dukes’s stage B colon carcinoma eight years earlier. She was a smoker of 15 cigarettes a day, and drank little alcohol. She took no regular medication.

On examination she appeared thin and dehydrated. Cardiovascular and abdominal examination was unremarkable. Chest auscultation revealed crackles at both lung bases.

Blood tests revealed a urea of 13.7 mmol/l (normal 2.5–7.0) and a neutrophilia of $9.1 \times 10^9$/l (normal 2.0–7.5). Chest radiography showed patchy shadowing throughout both lung fields.

The patient was rehydrated intravenously and started on broad spectrum antibiotics. A nasogastric tube was passed. Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy revealed an obstructing mass at the mid-oesophagus. A bronchoscopic examination and computed tomography of the thorax were performed.

QUESTIONS

(1) What abnormalities are seen on the computed tomogram (fig 1) and on views of the right main bronchus at bronchoscopy (fig 2)?

(2) What is the most likely cause of these appearances?

(3) What other conditions may cause similar appearances?

(4) What treatment options are available?

Postgrad Med J 2002; 78:104–105

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Submitted 23 January 2001

Accepted 15 May 2001

An elderly lady with collapse

F U Huwez, U Umasankar, D Aggarwal

Answers on p 111.

A 78 year old women was admitted to hospital with collapse and sudden onset left sided hemiplegia and a right sided ptosis. On admission she was drowsy. She had a left hemiplegia and right ptosis. When the right upper eyelid was passively raised, there was a fixed outward deviation of the right eye. Both pupils were of equal size and reacting to light. No diplopia or sensory signs were noted at presentation.

QUESTIONS

(1) What are the findings in figs 1 and 2?

(2) What is the diagnosis?

Postgrad Med J 2002; 78:105

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Submitted 19 January 2001

Accepted 27 March 2001
A case of cough and dysphagia

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Postgrad Med J 2002 78: 104-105
doi: 10.1136/pmj.78.916.104

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