Pathology is only one of the five sections into which this book has been divided; the others being Diagnosis, Prognosis, Management and Epidemiology and Prevention. In all these sections current tendencies and recent developments have been given their rightful place and the whole book can be recommended as an excellent account of the best British phthisiological practice. It is freely illustrated and each chapter is equipped with a good bibliography.

N. Lloyd Rusby

NEUROLOGICAL ANATOMY IN RELATION TO CLINICAL MEDICINE


Clinical neurologists will welcome this excellent book which has been specially prepared to meet a definite need. A textbook of neurological anatomy written to assist clinicians has long been required, and Dr. Brodal is to be congratulated on the success with which he has accomplished this difficult task. The library of every medical school should have this book as those teaching medicine and neurology are constantly being asked complicated questions by students and postgraduates who have been unable to find the information they require in the usual standard works.

Structure and function have to be grasped at the same time and Dr. Brodal has stressed this throughout. A full index and extensive bibliography complete this scholarly work.

M.G.A.

TEXTBOOK OF SURGERY


This book is a new general textbook of surgery intended for the student. The author has avoided long descriptions of operative procedures but has managed to include a huge amount of surgical information. 330 pages are given to orthopaedic surgery and fractures, and chapters on E.N.T. surgery, ophthalmic surgery and gynaecology are also included. As a result of this, space is cramped and there is little differentiation between the important and the less important principles; presumably for the same reason the illustrations are small and not always distinct. There is no bibliography.

The text generally is accurate and informed, and pathology and diagnosis are well described. Treatment, on the other hand, is conservative and hardly up-to-date. For example, no mention is made of hormonal treatment of advanced breast cancer nor of anastomosis of stomach or jejunum to oesophagus for malignant disease of that organ, while the advised treatment for severe or recurrent haematemesis from peptic ulcer is posterior gastrojejunostomy with infolding of the ulcer.